

Programme for Poverty Reduction – PPR



Components:

The activities being implemented under this programme are grouped under the following five categories outlined below:

4,898

community institutions formed/strengthened (43% women)

Social Mobilisation

Social Mobilisation (SM) component is the basis on which all other components of the programme work. Within the framework of a holistic, integrated and community demand driven approach, local communities have been empowered through formation/strengthening of 4,898 community institutions (43% women). The capacity of these community institutions has been built to develop union council development plans and improve governance, record keeping and linkages ensuring their overall sustainability.

5,866

individuals (47% women) received productive assets

21,659 individuals (26% women) undertook livelihoods trainings

Livelihood Enhancement and Protection

Under Livelihood Enhancement & Protection component, the support is being extended through capacity building and provisioning of productive assets in livestock, small businesses, fishing, agriculture and kitchen gardening, etc. In this context productive assets have been provided to 5,866 individuals (47% women) belonging to ultra and vulnerable poor households while 21,659 individuals (26% women) have been trained around promoting income generating activities and rural micro-enterprise development.

1,038

small scale community infrastructures completed

Construction and improvement of Small-Scale Community Infrastructures

The component provides basic level infrastructure schemes to the community organisations as per their needs identified in union council development plans. As many as 1,038 infrastructure schemes have been completed; these include clean drinking water schemes, link roads, flood protection works, irrigation and renewable energy projects. These initiatives are improving communities' particularly women's access to drinking water and improved sanitation.

865

community resource persons & LHVs and CMWs (60% women) trained.

Supported **112** government & community health facilities benefiting more than

1,032,031 patients (41% women & 28% children)

Establishment of Basic Health Services

The basic purpose of this component is to enhance access of targeted communities to primary health care services. Around 865 community resource persons & LHVs and CMWs (60% women) have been trained on disease prevention and health seeking behaviour, nutrition and maternal and child health. Moreover, 112 programme supported government and community health facilities have resulted in improved access of more than 1,032,031 patients (41% women and 28% children) to better health services.

Supported **767** government & community schools helping

107,374 students (43% girls)

Establishment of Basic Educational Services

In education, the programme provides selected communities with an improved access to education and increase literacy level. 107,374 students (43% girls) have been supported in 767 programme supported government and community schools. Community resource persons and teachers have received trainings in educational related themes including development of school development plans, awareness on right to education, innovative teaching approaches and running schools as a social enterprise.

Cumulative March, 2018

Source: PPR – PPAF

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